

AF 12661
HW**TRANSMITTAL
FORM**

TRANSMITTAL FORM	Application Number	10/610,500	
	Filing Date	June 30, 2003	
	First Named Inventor	Jheroen P. Dorenbosch	
	Group Art Unit	2661	
	Examiner Name	Bob A. Phunkulh	
Total Number of Pages in this Submission	13	Attorney Docket Number	CE11261N

ENCLOSURES

(check all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Assignment Papers (for an Application)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance Communication to Group
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-Related papers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12 Appeal Communication to Group {Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief}
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/Declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter with appropriate copies
<input type="checkbox"/> Extension of time Request	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation, Change of Correspondence Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below)
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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm or Individual	Kevin D. Wills	Registration No.	43,993
Signature			
Date	January 25, 2006		

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMITTAL/MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO to facsimile number 703-872-9306 or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, Alexandria, VA 22313 on the date listed below:

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICANT(S) Dorenbosch GROUP ART UNIT: 2661
PLN. NO.: 10/610,500 EXAMINER: Bob A. Phunkulh
FILED: June 30, 2003 Confirmation No. 5357
TITLE: Fast Handover Though Proactive Registration

BRIEF ON APPEAL

Mail Stop AF
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

Please consider the following Brief on Appeal for the above identified patent application assigned to Motorola, Inc.

I. REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The subject application is assigned to Motorola, Inc., the real party in interest.

II. RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

To Appellants' knowledge, there are no related appeals or interferences.

III. STATUS OF CLAIMS

1. Claims 1-25 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bridgelall (U.S. Patent Application 2002/0085516).

IV. STATUS OF AMENDMENTS FILED SUBSEQUENT TO FINAL REJECTION

A response was filed after final rejection and denied entry by the Examiner.

V. SUMMARY OF INVENTION

The present invention pertains to wireless networks, and in particular to a method and apparatus for providing a fast handover of wireless communications between wireless networks through proactive registration.

VI. ISSUES

(1) Whether claims 1-25 are anticipated by Bridgelall under 35 U.S.C. 102(e).

VII. GROUPING OF CLAIMS

Appellants offer no other grouping of claims.

VIII. ARGUMENTS

35 U.S.C. § 102(e)

Claims 1-25 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Bridgelall, U.S. Pat. Application No. 2002/0085516 (hereinafter "Bridgelall"). Appellants' respectfully traverses this rejection.

Specifically, claim 1 includes the limitations "detecting a condition indicative of initiating a communication over the first wireless communication network" and "facilitating registration with the second wireless communications network when the controller detects the condition." Claim 11 includes the limitations "detecting a condition indicative of initiating a communication over the first wireless communication network" and "registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the condition." Claim 16 includes the limitations "detecting an action preparatory to initiating a call" and "upon the detection of the action, registering with a second wireless communications network."

Bridgelall teaches a method for seamless voice/data roaming between a WWAN and a WLAN using an explicit call transfer (ECT) command. In order for seamless voice/data roaming as taught by Bridgelall to function, a voice or data traffic connection must already be in progress (paragraphs 062, 066, 069). In other words, Bridgelall teaches that seamless roaming, where *roaming begins once a WWAN voice connection is in progress and a WLAN network association has already been established* (paragraph 066).

To elaborate, Bridgelall discloses a mobile station able to vertically roam in either direction between two networks (abstract). Figure 11 illustrates the overall processes 1100 for seamless active voice/data roaming between WWAN 1101 and a WLAN 1103. For Seamless Vertical Roaming (SVR) to be accomplished, simultaneous signaling in one network must be feasible between a full traffic connection in the other network (Paragraph 0062). Two different processing states achieve simultaneous GSM/GPRS and WLAN communications, but where the voice traffic connection and signaling processes in either network are interleaved, simultaneous voice and data traffic are not expected on both WLAN and the GSM. *Transitions from one network to another are only possible once the signaling process is complete and the basic connection is already established on the second network* (Paragraph 0062).

As indicated by the Examiner, an outgoing VoIP call from the WLAN radio to a remote party on the WLAN will transition or seamlessly switch over to the WWAN connection when the mobile station detects packet error rates, frequent scale back, or consistent signal degradation (Paragraph 0011). These conditions (i.e. packet error rates, frequent scale back, and consistent signal degradation) are indicative of *the state of the signal* being used and NOT indicative of *initiating a communication* over a wireless network.

As illustrated in Figure 12, the SVR roaming process 1200 *begins while Radio A is already engaged in a voice traffic connection with Party C*. At step 1, an explicit call transfer (ECT) command is issued to the WWAN network so as to initiate transfer of the channel to the gateway that is hosting the WLAN Radio B (Paragraph 0069). At step 2, upon receiving the ECT command, the WWAN checks whether or not the gateway connected to Radio B is registered to the WWAN network and is answering the call (Paragraph 0070). At step 3, Radio B verifies the call identification is from Radio A and immediately signals the gateway to accept the call. The WWAN receives confirmation that the gateway signaled acceptance of the call (Paragraph 0071). Therefore, *an explicit command is issued to initiate transfer of the channel*

between the WWAN network and the WLAN network as opposed to registering with a second network upon detecting a condition indicative of initiating a communication over a first network.

Bridgelall thus discloses issuing an explicit call transfer demand to initiate the transfer of a communication between one network to another network when conditions indicative of the condition of the signal are detected. Specifically, Bridgelall does NOT disclose *detecting a condition indicative of initiating a communication over a first network and registering with a second network upon detection of the condition.*

In other words, in Appellants' claims, voice or data communication has not yet been initiated over the first wireless network. Only a condition indicative of initiating communication is detected, which initiates registration with the second network. Since no voice or data communication is yet established, and no registration with a second network has taken place, there can be no roaming yet. Since the entire teachings of Bridgelall occur after roaming has been established, Bridgelall does not teach or suggest Appellant's claims.

Since Bridgealall does not contain each element of independent claims 1, 11 and 16, it does not anticipate independent claims 1, 11 and 16. Therefore, Appellants respectfully request that this rejection be withdrawn and that the claims proceed to allowance.

Claims 2-10 depend directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are allowable over the cited art for the same reasons as claim 1.

Claims 12-15 depend directly or indirectly from claim 11 and are allowable over the cited art for the same reasons as claim 11.

Claims 17-25 depend directly or indirectly from claim 16 and are allowable over the cited art for the same reasons as claim 16.

Summary

Appellants therefore pray for the reversal of the final rejection and the allowance of the subject application.

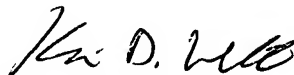
Respectfully submitted,

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Motorola, Inc.
Law Department

Customer Number 23330

By:



Kevin D. Wills
Attorney of Record
Reg. No.: 43,993
Telephone: 602-952-4399
Fax No.: 602-952-4376

IX. APPENDIX

1. A communications unit comprising:

a receiving device for receiving signals from a first and a second wireless communications network;

a controller, coupled to and controlling the receiving device, for detecting a condition indicative of initiating communication over the first wireless communications network; and

a transmitting device, coupled to and controlled by the controller, and cooperatively operating with the receiving device and the controller for facilitating the communication over the first wireless communications network and for facilitating registration with the second wireless communications network when the controller detects the condition.

2. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the receiving device is further for receiving a beacon signal;

wherein the controller is further for detecting beacon information included with the beacon signal, the beacon information indicative of a location of the communications unit; and

wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects both the condition and the beacon information.

3. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the controller is further for determining a coverage quality corresponding to the first wireless communications network, and wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects the condition and when the controller determines that the coverage quality satisfies a predetermined threshold.

4. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the controller is further for determining a coverage quality corresponding to the second wireless communications network, and wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects the condition and when the controller determines that the coverage quality satisfies a predetermined threshold.

5. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the controller is further for detecting an other condition indicative of one of a completion of the communication over the first wireless communications network, a completion of a communication over the second wireless communications network, and when the communication was never initiated, and wherein the controller cooperatively with the transmitting device and the receiving device facilitates deregistration from at least one of the first wireless communications network and the second wireless communications network when the controller detects the other condition indicative of the completion of the communication.

6. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the controller is further for detecting a location of the communications unit, and wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects the condition and that the location of the communications unit is within a first predetermined range.

7. The communications unit of claim 6, wherein the controller is further for detecting if the location of the communications unit is within a second predetermined range, and wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects

the condition and that the location of the communications unit has changed from the first predetermined range to the second predetermined range within a predetermined time period.

8. The communications unit of claim 1, further comprising a motion detector in communication with the controller for detecting a motion of the communications unit, and wherein the registration with the second wireless communications network is facilitated when the controller detects the condition and that the motion of the communications unit exceeds a predetermined motion threshold.

9. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the condition comprises at least one of:
accessing a communications unit phone book; dialing a number; opening a hinged cover of the communications unit; and entering a key for access to the communications unit.

10. The communications unit of claim 1, wherein the first wireless communications network comprises a first one of a wireless local area network (WLAN) and a wireless wide area network (WAN) and wherein the second wireless communications network comprises a second one of the WLAN and the WAN.

11. A software program for facilitating a fast handover of a link with a communications unit between a first and a second wireless communications network, the software program when installed and executing on a controller of the communications unit resulting in the communications unit:
registering with the first wireless communications network;
detecting a condition indicative of initiating a communication over the first wireless communications network; and

registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the condition.

12. The software program of claim 11, further comprising:
detecting a beacon signal indicative of a location of the communications unit; and
registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the condition and the detecting of the beacon signal.

13. The software program of claim 11, further comprising:
determining a coverage quality corresponding to at least one of the first and the second wireless communications networks; and
registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the condition and the determining of the coverage quality.

14. The software program of claim 11, further comprising:
initiating the communication over the first wireless communications network.

15. The software program of claim 14, further comprising:
completing the communication over the first wireless communications network; and
deregistering from at least one of the first and the second wireless communications networks upon the completing of the communication.

16. A method for facilitating handover of a link with a communications unit between wireless communications networks employing different technologies, the method comprising:

operating exclusively on a first wireless communications network;
detecting an action preparatory to initiating a call;
initiating the call using the first wireless communications network; and
upon the detecting of the action, registering with a second wireless communications network.

17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

observing beacon information transmitted by the first wireless communications network near a border of a coverage area of the first wireless communications network;
registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the action and the observing of the beacon information transmitted by the first wireless communications network.

18. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

detecting coverage quality corresponding to the first wireless communications network; and
registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the action and the detecting of the coverage quality.

19. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

detecting coverage quality corresponding to the second wireless communications network; and
registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the action and the detecting of the coverage quality.

20. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

completing the call over the first wireless communications network; and

de-registering from at least one of the first and the second wireless communications networks
upon the completing of the call.

21. The method of claim 20, wherein the operating exclusively on the first wireless
communications network further comprises starting up a first stack corresponding to the first wireless
communications network;

wherein the registering with the second wireless communications network further comprises
starting up a second stack corresponding to the second wireless communications network; and

wherein the de-registering from the at least one of the first and the second wireless
communications networks comprises dropping at least one of the first and the second stacks.

22. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

detecting a location of the communications unit;

determining if the location of the communications unit is within a first predetermined
range; and

registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the
action and the determining if the location of the communications unit is within the first predetermined
range.

23. The method of claim 22, further comprising:

determining if the location of the communications unit changes from the first predetermined range to a second predetermined range within a predetermined time period; and

registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the action and the determining if the location of the communications unit changes from the first predetermined range to the second predetermined range within the predetermined time period.

24. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

detecting a motion of the communications unit; and

registering with the second wireless communications network upon the detecting of the action and the detecting of the motion of the communications unit.

25. The method of claim 16, wherein the first wireless communications network comprises a first one of a wireless local area network (WLAN) and a wireless wide area network (WAN) and wherein the second wireless communications network comprises a second one of the WLAN and the WAN.